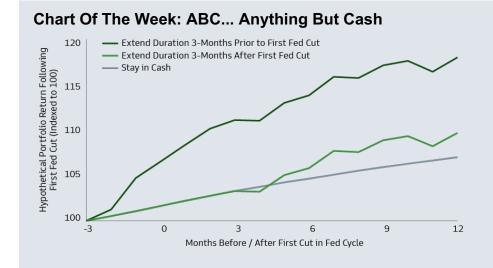
Week ending March 22, 2024

# MARKET MONITOR



#### **FIXED INCOME**

As Fed cuts begin, we believe investors should consider incrementally moving out of moneymarket funds. Investors awaiting a specific signal to extend duration, such as the first cut in a fed cycle, may be too late, in our view, and have historically missed out on 11 pp of upside, on average. While the duration of a portfolio may be different for everyone, we feel that at least short-to-intermediate duration is preferable to little-to-none.

Source: Barclays and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. As of March 22, 2024.

#### **MARKET SUMMARY**

**GLOBAL EQUITIES:** US equities rose last week as the Fed held interest rates steady for the fifth consecutive meeting. The S&P 500 ultimately finished the week 2.31% higher as the FOMC reiterated the prospect for three cuts in 2024. Elsewhere, the STOXX 600 and FTSE 100 ended last week 1.04% and 2.72% higher, respectively, with the latter rising on the back of UK inflation falling to its lowest level in over 2 years.

**COMMODITIES:** Commodity prices fell last week on the back of US crude inventories rising and reports of OPEC+ considering extending its production cuts. WTI and Brent crude ultimately ended the week lower at \$80.63 and \$85.43/bbl, respectively, on reports of a potential ceasefire in the Middle East. Meanwhile, gold closed the week higher at \$2181.60 troy/oz.

**FIXED INCOME:** US sovereign yields fell last week as investors assessed the Fed's policy path for 2024. Ultimately, the 2-Year and 10-Year US Treasury yields ended last week lower at 4.60% and 4.22%, respectively, though the latter rose to a new 2024 high earlier in the week. Across the pond, the 10-Year UK Gilt yield fell below 4% for the first time since May 2023 following the BOE's decision to hold rates steady, ultimately ending last week at 3.93%.

**FX:** The US dollar strengthened against a basket of currencies amidst a busy week of central bank decisions. The US dollar index notched a onemonth high, ultimately rising 0.91%, as housing data printed well above consensus. Relatedly, the Japanese yen weakened to ¥151.43, its lowest level since November 2023, despite the BoJ raising its policy rate for the first time in 17 years and exiting its negative interest rate policy.

#### **ECONOMIC SUMMARY**

MONETARY POLICY: The FOMC left the target range for the federal funds rate unchanged at 5.25–5.50% at its March meeting and restated its projection of three cuts in 2024. GIR maintains its expectation of the first cut to be delivered in June, but they now only expect 3 cuts throughout 2024 in June, September, and December, from 4 cuts previously, given the slightly higher inflation path. Meanwhile, the BoJ decided to exit its long-standing negative interest rate policy and ceased yield curve control. In the UK, the BoE voted 8-1 in favor of leaving key rates unchanged at 5.25%.

**ACTIVITY:** In the UK, the composite flash PMI declined slightly to 52.9, below consensus expectations, but remained in expansionary territory. In the Euro area, the composite flash PMI increased to 49.9, above consensus expectations. The improvement was largely broad-based but ultimately driven by the services sector. The print points towards continued optimism around growth in the upcoming year.

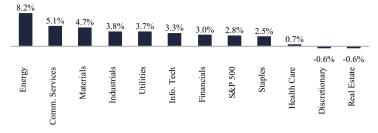
**HOUSING:** In the US, housing starts rose 10.7% while building permits increased 1.9% in February, both exceeding consensus expectations. Meanwhile, existing home sales increased to 4.38 million units in the February report, significantly above consensus. The median sales price of all existing homes increased 0.5% month-over-month, and we believe the imbalance between housing supply and demand worsened somewhat.

**LABOR:** Initial jobless claims edged down to 210k in the week ended March 16, slightly below consensus expectations for a modest increase. GIR maintains its view for the labor market to ease further as upward wage pressures decrease and a cool down persists across the economy.

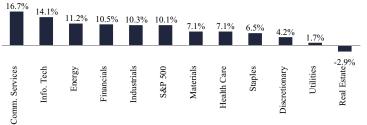
### MARKET WATCH

## **S&P 500 INDEX SECTOR RETURNS**

#### MONTH-TO-DATE, AS OF 03/22/24

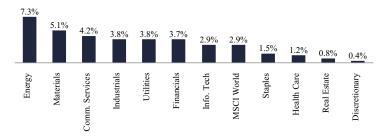


#### YEAR-TO-DATE, AS OF 03/22/24

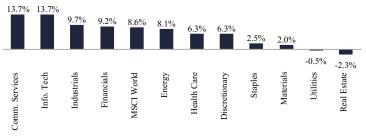


**MSCI WORLD INDEX SECTOR RETURNS** 

#### MONTH-TO-DATE, AS OF 03/22/24



#### YEAR-TO-DATE, AS OF 03/22/24



#### **Style Performance**

#### **US EQUITY SIZE & STYLE RETURNS**

Month-to-Date		(as of 03/22/24)	Year-to-Date			
Value	Core	Growth		Value	Core	Growth
3.12%	2.70%	2.37%	Large	7.03%	9.76%	12.08%
3.12%	2.64%	1.51%	Medium	6.11%	6.83%	8.56%
1.36%	0.96%	0.56%	Small	-0.08%	2.52%	5.24%

#### **MSCI WORLD SIZE & STYLE RETURNS**

Month-to-Date		(as of 03/22/24)	Year-to-Date			
Value	Core	Growth		Value	Core	Growth
3.25%	2.81%	2.44%	Large	6.38%	9.01%	11.38%
3.56%	3.08%	2.38%	Medium	4.74%	5.68%	7.12%
2.79%	2.09%	1.41%	Small	1.27%	2.57%	3.86%

#### US FIXED INCOME MATURITY AND QUALITY RETURNS

M	Month-to-Date		(as of 03/22/24)	Year-to-Date		
Short	Intermed.	Long		Short	Intermed.	Long
0.38%	0.43%	0.37%	Government	-0.08%	-0.43%	-4.08%
0.67%	0.89%	1.35%	Corporate	0.58%	0.19%	-2.27%
0.83%	1.07%	1.53%	High Yield	1.45%	1.36%	1.94%

#### **EUROPEAN FIXED INCOME MATURITY AND QUALITY RETURNS**

Month-to-Date			(as of 03/22/24)	Year-to-Date		
Short	Intermed.	Long		Short	Intermed.	Long
0.34%	0.89%	1.70%	Government	-0.16%	-0.77%	-1.13%
0.52%	1.26%	1.62%	Corporate	0.52%	0.21%	-0.65%
	0.24%		High Yield		1.35%	

# **ECONOMIC WATCH**

Monday, March 25	Tuesday, March 26	Wednesday, March 27	Thursday, March 28	Friday, March 29	Critical Future Events
US New Home Sales	US Durable Goods Orders		US GDP QoQ (Q4)	Observed US and UK	ECB Meeting – April 11
(Cons: 673K, Prior: 661K)	(MoM)		(Cons: 3.2%, Prior: 4.9%)	Holiday – Good Friday	BoJ Meeting – Apr 26
	(Cons: 1.0%,		UK GDP QoQ	US Core PCE MoM	
	Prior: -6.1%)		(Cons: -0.3%,	(Cons: 0.3%, Prior: 0.4%)	
			Prior: -0.1%)	US PCE MoM (Cons:	
			Initial Jobless Claims	0.4%, Prior: 0.3%)	
			(Cons: N/A, Prior: 210K)		

Source: MSCI, Bloomberg, and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. For style performance, Large, Mid, and Small for US Equity refer to the Russell 1000, Russell Midcap, and Russell 2000 indices, respectively. Value refers to companies with lower price-to-book ratios and lower expected growth values, and Growth refers to higher price-to-book ratios and higher forecasted growth values. For US Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg Treasury, Bloomberg Corporate Credit, and Bloomberg High Yield indices, respectively. Short, Intermediate, and Long refer to the Short, Intermediate, and Long segments of their respective curves. For European Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg Euro Treasury Index, the Bloomberg Euro Corporate Index, and the Bloomberg Euro High Yield Index, respectively. Quality returns refers to the credit quality of asset classes ranging from Government, highest quality, to High Yield, lowest quality. Since August 24, 2021, the Barclays indices are branded "Bloomberg indices". Please see end disclosures for footnotes. Past performance does not guarantee future results, which may vary.

# **WEEKLY MARKET RECAP**

INDEX RETURNS				
EQUITIES.	1 WEEK	MTD	QTD	YTD
EQUITIES	0.040/	0.040/	40.400/	40.400/
S&P 500	2.31%	2.81%	10.12%	10.12%
DJ Industrial Average	1.97%	1.36%	5.25%	5.25%
Russell 2000	1.61%	0.96%	2.52%	2.52%
Russell Midcap	2.05%	2.64%	6.83%	6.83%
STOXX Europe 50 (€) *	1.40%	3.65%	12.14%	12.14%
STOXX Europe 600 (€)† *	1.04%	3.33%	6.91%	6.91%
MSCI EAFE Small Cap	1.32%	3.03%	1.75%	1.75%
FTSE 100 (£)	2.72%	4.51%	3.65%	3.65%
DAX (€)	1.50%	2.99%	8.68%	8.68%
FTSE MIB (€)	1.30%	5.52%	13.77%	13.77%
CAC 40 (€)†	-0.08%	2.91%	8.26%	8.26%
SWISS MKT (CHF)	-0.21%	3.06%	5.84%	5.84%
TOPIX (¥) *	4.70%	4.51%	18.22%	18.22%
Hang Seng (HKD)	-1.32%	0.38%	-2.77%	-2.77%
MSCI World	1.98%	2.89%	8.61%	8.61%
MSCI China Free†	-0.85%	1.13%	-0.61%	-0.61%
MSCI EAFE	1.24%	3.22%	5.74%	5.74%
MSCI EM	0.53%	2.04%	1.96%	1.96%
MSCI Brazil (BRL)	0.05%	-2.14%	-5.55%	-5.55%
MSCI India (INR)	0.73%	-0.03%	4.85%	4.85%
FIXED INCOME				
Bloomberg Aggregate	0.73%	0.70%	-1.00%	-1.00%
Bloomberg Euro Aggregate	-0.02%	0.90%	-2.54%	-2.54%
Bloomberg US High Yield	0.59%	1.08%	1.37%	1.37%
Bloomberg Euro High Yield (€)	-0.43%	0.24%	1.35%	1.35%
Bloomberg Muni Aggregate	-0.18%	0.16%	-0.22%	-0.22%
Bloomberg TIPS	0.93%	0.66%	-0.26%	-0.26%
JPM EMBI Glbl. Divers. *	1.09%	1.74%	1.68%	1.68%
JPM GBI-EM Glbl. Divers.	-0.70%	-0.04%	-2.13%	-2.13%
OTHER				
DJ US Real Estate	-0.09%	-0.50%	-3.37%	-3.37%
FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Dvlpd. Ex-US	2.99%	5.23%	-3.11%	-3.11%
S&P GSCI	-0.05%	3.19%	8.74%	8.74%
Alerian MLP	1.41%	3.67%	12.95%	12.95%
US Dollar Index	0.91%	0.27%	3.16%	3.16%
VIX	-9.37%	-2.54%	4.90%	4.90%

COMMODITIES							
	03/22/24	02/29/24	12/31/23	12/31/22			
WTI Oil (\$/barrel)	\$80.63	\$78.26	\$71.65	\$80.26			
Brent Oil (\$/barrel)	\$85.43	\$83.62	\$77.04	\$85.91			
Gold (\$/oz)	\$2181.60	\$2074.60	\$2091.80	\$1842.20			
Natural Gas (\$/mmBtu)	\$1.66	\$1.86	\$2.51	\$4.47			

CURRENCIES				
	03/22/24	02/29/24	12/31/23	12/31/22
Euro (\$/€)	1.0804	1.0802	1.1041	1.0701
Pound (\$/£)	1.2590	1.2613	1.2746	1.2063
Japanese Yen (¥/\$)	151.43	149.96	141.02	130.97
Swiss Franc (CHF/€)	0.9710	0.9556	0.9289	0.9890
Chinese Yuan Renminbi (CNY/\$)	7.1132	7.1052	7.0842	6.9225

RATES & SPREADS				
	03/22/24	02/29/24	12/31/23	12/31/22
RATES				
Fed Funds Target	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	4.50%
Secured Overnight Financing Rate *	5.31%	5.32%	5.38%	4.30%
ECB Depo Rate	4.00%	3.75%	3.50%	2.00%
3-Month US Dollar Libor	5.57%	5.60%	5.59%	4.77%
US Treasuries 2-Year	4.60%	4.64%	4.25%	4.41%
US Treasuries 10-Year	4.22%	4.25%	3.86%	3.84%
US Treasury 2-10 Slope	-0.38%	-0.39%	-0.39%	-0.57%
German Bunds 2-Year	2.83%	2.90%	2.40%	2.76%
German Bunds 10-Year	2.32%	2.41%	2.02%	2.57%
Japanese Govt Bonds 10-Year	0.74%	0.71%	0.61%	0.42%
UK Gilts 10-Year	3.93%	4.12%	3.54%	3.67%
Swiss Govt Bonds 10-Year	0.69%	0.80%	0.70%	1.62%
French OATs 10-Year	2.80%	2.89%	2.56%	3.12%
Italian BTPs 10-Year	3.64%	3.84%	3.70%	4.71%
Spanish Bonos 10-Year	3.16%	3.29%	2.99%	3.66%
SPREADS				
HY Corp. Spread (bps)	297	314	323	468
Bank Loan Spread (bps) *	506	519	528	652
IG Corp. Spread (bps)	88	95	98	130
EMD Spread (bps) *	392	418	438	500

# **Global Equity Valuations**

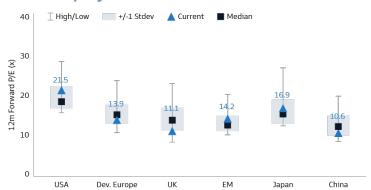


Chart Source: Goldman Sachs Asset Management and Bloomberg as of close of trading on February 29, 2024. Chart data shows next 12-month P/E ratio from March 2014 to the current period. 12m forward P/E(x) refers to price-to-earnings ratio for the next 12 months, which is a valuation measure applied to respective broad equity indices. Please see additional disclosures at the end of this presentation.

Weekly Market Recap Notes:

All data is denominated in USD unless noted otherwise.

† Data is released weekly, as of Monday.

If data displays an asterisk:

- \* Data is lagged by 1 day.
- \*\* Data is lagged by 2 days.

Source: MSCI and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. Past performance does not guarantee future results, which may vary. Please see end disclosures for footnotes.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Page 1 Chart of the Week Notes: Source: Barclays and Goldman Sachs Asset Management. As of March 22, 2024. Chart shows forward returns for three hypothetical portfolios in proximity to first Fed cut in a cycle. "Extend Duration" refers to 10-Year US Treasury note. "Cash" refers to 3-Month US Treasury bill. "Fed cycle" refers to a period in which the Federal Reserve is raising and/or lowering the federal funds rate. Months of first cuts for prior six Fed cycles used are September 1984, June 1989, July 1995, January 2001, September 2007, and August 2019. "Pp" refers to percentage point(s). For illustrative purposes only. Past performance does not predict future returns and does not guarantee future results, which may vary.

Page 1 Market Summary Notes: "Fed" refers to Federal Reserve. "FOMC" refers to the Federal Open Market Committee. "CPI" refers to the Consumer Price Index. "OPEC+" refers to the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries. "WTI" refers to West Texas Intermediate crude oil, a common US benchmark for oil prices. "Brent" refers to a global benchmark for oil prices worldwide. "Bbl" refers to barrel. "BoJ" refers to the Bank of Japan.

Page 1 Economic Summary Notes: "GIR" refers to Goldman Sachs Global Investment Research. "BoE" refers to the Bank of England. "PMI" refers to the Purchasing Managers Index.

Page 2 Style Performance Notes: For US Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg US Treasury, the Bloomberg US Corporate Credit, and the Bloomberg US High Yield indices, respectively. For European Fixed Income, Government, Corporate, and High Yield refer to the Bloomberg Euro Treasury Index, the Bloomberg Euro Corporate Index, and the Bloomberg Euro High Yield Index, respectively. Short, Intermediate, and Long refer to the Short, Intermediate, and Long segments of their respective curves. Quality returns refers to the credit quality of asset classes ranging from Government, highest quality, to High Yield, lowest quality. Since August 24, 2016, the Barclays indices are co-branded "Bloomberg Barclays indices".

Page 2 Economic Watch Notes: "GDP" refers to Gross Domestic Product. "MoM" refers to month-over-month. "QoQ" refers to quarter-over-quarter. "YoY" refers to year-over-year. "PCE" refers to the Personal Consumption Expenditure Price Index. "Core PCE" refers to the Core Personal Consumption Expenditure Price Index, excluding food and energy. "ECB" refers to the European Central Bank.

Page 3 Global Equity Valuations Chart Notes: Earnings are forward looking Bloomberg estimates of operating earnings per share over the next four quarters, which may exclude one-time extraordinary gains and losses. Please see index disclosures for additional definitions on the indices.

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#### MARKET MONITOR: WEEK ENDING MARCH 22, 2024

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Index Benchmarks: Equities: The S&P 500 Index is the Standard & Poor's 500 Composite Stock Prices Index of 500 stocks, an unmanaged index of common stock prices. The Dow Jones Industrial Average Index is a priceweighted average of 30 actively traded blue-chip stocks. The Russell 1000 Index is a market-cap weighted index that measures the performance of the 1,000 largest companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell Mid Cap Index measures the performance of the 800 smallest companies in the Russell 1000 Index, which represent approximately 30% of the total market capitalization of the Russell 1000 Index. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index of common stock prices that measures the performance of the 2000 smallest companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The MSCI EAFE Index is a free-float weighted equity index, which covers developed markets countries in Europe, Australasia, Israel, and the Far East. The MSCI Emerging Markets (EM) Index is a free floatadjusted market capitalization index that captures large and mid-cap representation across 24 Emerging Markets (EM) countries. The STOXX Europe 600 Index is derived from the STOXX Europe Total Market Index (TMI) and is a subset of the STOXX Global 1800 Index. With a fixed number of 600 components, the STOXX Europe 600 Index represents large, mid and small capitalization companies across 18 countries of the European region. The Japan TOPIX Index is a capitalization-weighted index of the largest companies and corporations that are found in the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The **German DAX** is a capitalization-weighted blue chip stock market index consisting of the 30 major German companies trading on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. The Shanghai Composite is a market capitalization weighted index of all A-shares and B-shares that trade on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. Euro Stoxx 50 Index, Europe's leading Blue-chip index for the Eurozone, provides a Blue- chip representation of supersector leaders in the Eurozone. The Financial Times Stock Exchange (FTSE) 100 Index is an index of the 100 companies listed on the London Stock Exchange with the highest market capitalization. FTSE MIB Index is composed of 40 Italian equities and seeks to replicate the broad sector weights of the Italian stock market. CAC 40 Index is composed of the 40 largest equities listed in France. SWISS Market Index is composed of the largest and most liquid stocks traded on the Geneva, Zurich, and Basel Stock Exchanges. Hang Seng Composite Index covers about 95% of the total market capitalization of companies listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The MSCI World Index is a broad global equity index that represents large and mid-cap equity performance across 23 developed markets countries. It covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. The MSCI China Index captures large and mid cap representation across China H shares, B shares, Red chips, P chips and foreign listings (e.g. ADRs). With 461 constituents, the index covers about 85% of this China equity universe. Currently, the index also includes Large Cap A shares represented at 5% of their free float adjusted market capitalization. MSCI Brazil Index covers about 85% of the total market capitalization of the Brazilian equity universe. MSCI India Index covers about 85% of the total market capitalization of the Indian equity universe. MSCI Russia Index covers about 85% of the free floatadjusted market capitalization in Russia. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is a leading measure of market expectations of near-term volatility conveyed by S&P 500 Index option prices. Fixed Income: The Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index represents an unmanaged diversified portfolio of fixed-income securities, including US Treasuries, investment-grade corporate bonds, and mortgagebacked and asset-backed securities. The Bloomberg US High-Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. The Bloomberg US Aggregate Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged broad-based total return index composed of approximately 8,000 investment grade, fixed rate, and tax-exempt issues, with a remaining maturity of at least one year. The J.P. Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index (EMBI Global Index) is an unmanaged market capitalization Index that tracks total returns for USD- denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi- sovereign issuers.

The J.P. Morgan Government Bond Index-Emerging Markets Global Diversified (GBI-EM Global Index) is a market capitalization Index that tracks the performance of local currency debt issued by emerging market governments. Bloomberg Euro Aggregate Index refers to the Bloomberg EuroAgg Index. The index measures the market of investment grade, euro-denominated, fixed- rate bond market, including treasuries, government-related, corporate and securitized issues. Inclusion is based on currency denomination of a bond and not country of risk of the issuer. Bloomberg Euro High Yield Index refers to the Bloomberg Euro High Yield 3% Issuer Capped Index. The index measures the of noninvestment grade, fixed-rate corporate bonds denominated in USD. Inclusion is based on the currency of issue, and not the domicile of the issuer. The index excludes emerging market debt. Other: The FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed ex US Index is a subset of the FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Developed Index and is designed to track the performance of listed real estate companies and REITS. The S&P GSCI Commodity Index is a composite index of commodity sector returns, representing an unleveraged, long-only investment in commodity futures that is broadly diversified across the spectrum of commodities. It is not possible to invest in an unmanaged index. **Commodities:** WTI Oil refers to West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Crude Oil, a land-locked crude, delivered via pipeline into Cushing, Oklahoma. Brent Oil refers to Brent crude oil, a waterborne crude oil produced in the North Sea. Currencies: Euro (\$/€) refers to the Euro's exchange rate with the Dollar. Pound (\$/£) refers to the British Pound's exchange rate with the US Dollar. Japanese Yen (¥/\$) refers to the US Dollar's exchange rate with the Japanese Yen. Swiss Franc (CHF/€) refers the Euro's exchange rate with the Swiss Franc. Chinese Yuan Renminbi (CNY/\$) refers to the US Dollar's exchange rate with the Chinese Yuan Renminbi. Rates: The federal funds rate is the interest rate at which depository institutions lend balances at the Federal Reserve to other depository institutions overnight. The LIBOR is the USD-denominated London Interbank Offered Rate, and is the average of interest rates estimated by each of the leading banks in London that it would be charged were it to borrow from other banks. The 2-Year Treasury is a US Treasury debt obligation that has a maturity of 2 years. The 10-Year Treasury is a US Treasury debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The 2-10 Treasury Slope is the difference between the 10-Year Treasury and the 2-Year Treasury. The German Bunds 2-Year is a German debt obligation that has a maturity of 2 years. The German Bunds 10-Year is a German debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Japanese Govt Bonds 2-Year is a Japanese debt obligation that has a maturity of 2 years. The Japanese Govt Bonds 10-Year is a Japanese debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The **UK Gilts 10-Year** is a UK debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Swiss Govt Bonds 10-Year is a Swiss debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The French OATs 10-Year is a French debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Italian BTPs 10-Year is a Italian debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. The Spanish Bonos 10-Year is a Spanish debt obligation that has a maturity of 10 years. Spreads: High Yield (HY) Corporate Spread is the Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Average Option Adjusted Spread (OAS), which measures the spread between the US Treasury yield curve and the Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield curve. The Bank Loan Spread is the daily discount margin (3-year life) of the Credit Suisse Leveraged Loan Index, which is designed to mirror the investable universe of the USD-denominated leveraged loan market. The Investment Grade (IG) Corporate Spread is the Bloomberg US Aggregate Corporate Average OAS, which measures the spread between the US Treasury yield curve and the Bloomberg US Corporate Average curve. The EMD Spread is the J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Sovereign Spread, which measures the spread between the US Treasury yield curve and the J.P. Morgan EMBI Global Diversified Sovereign curve.

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